

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices)  
Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)

1983 No 1561

## **Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices) Regulations 1983**

Made - - - 24th October 1983

Authority: Consumer Credit Act 1974, ss 76(3), (5), 87(4), 88(1), (4), 98(3), (5), 182(2), 189(1)

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices)  
Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)/1

### **1**

- (1) These Regulations may be cited as the Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices) Regulations 1983 and shall come into operation on 19th May 1985.
- (2) In these Regulations, "the Act" means the Consumer Credit Act 1974.

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices)  
Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)/2

### **2**

- (1) Any notice to be given by a creditor or owner in relation to a regulated agreement to a debtor or hirer under section 76(1) of the Act (which relates to the duty to give notice to the debtor or hirer (non-default cases) before taking certain action to enforce a term of an agreement) shall contain--
  - (a) a statement that the notice is served under section 76(1) of the Consumer Credit Act 1974;
  - (b) the information set out in paragraphs 1 to 5 of Schedule 1 to these Regulations; and
  - (c) statements in the form specified in paragraphs 6 to 8 of that Schedule.
- (2) Any notice to be given by a creditor or owner in relation to a regulated agreement to a debtor or hirer under section 87(1) of the Act (which relates to the necessity to serve a default notice on the debtor or hirer in accordance with section 88 before taking certain action by reason of any breach of the agreement by the debtor or hirer) shall contain--
  - (a) a statement that the notice is a default notice served under section 87(1) of the Consumer Credit Act 1974;
  - (b) the information set out in paragraphs 1 to 3, 6 and 8 of Schedule 2 to these Regulations; and
  - (c) statements in the form specified in paragraphs 4, 5, 7[, 8A] and 9 to 11 of that Schedule.
- (3) Any notice to be given by a creditor or owner in relation to a regulated agreement to a debtor or hirer under section 98(1) of the Act (which relates to the duty to give notice to the debtor or hirer (non-default cases) of termination of an agreement) shall contain--
  - (a) a statement that the notice is served under section 98(1) of the Consumer Credit Act 1974;
  - (b) the information set out in paragraphs 1 to 5 of Schedule 3 to these Regulations; and

- (c) statements in the form specified in paragraphs 6 to 8 of that Schedule.
- (4) The lettering in any notice given under paragraph (1), (2) or (3) above shall, apart from any signature, be easily legible and of a colour which is readily distinguishable from the colour of the paper.
- [(4A) Any notice to be given under a provision of these Regulations shall be in writing and given to the debtor or hirer in paper form.]
- (5) Where any statement is required to be in a form specified in a Schedule to these Regulations and is reproduced in the notice, then apart from any heading to the notice, trade names or names of parties to the agreement--
- (a) the lettering in the statement shall be afforded more prominence (whether by capital letters, underlining, large or bold print or otherwise) than any other lettering in the notice; and
- (b) where words are both shown in capital letters and underlined in any statement specified in a Schedule to these Regulations, they shall be afforded yet more prominence.
- (6) The wording in any such statement shall be reproduced in the notice without any alteration or addition, and in relation to any statement to be contained in the notice the requirements of any note shall be complied with, except that the words "the creditor" may be replaced by the name of the creditor, by the expression by which he is referred to in the agreement or by an appropriate pronoun, and any consequential changes to pronouns and verbs may be used.
- (7) Where any note requires any words to be omitted, those words shall be omitted or deleted.
- (8) Where a notice is to be given under sections 76(1) and 98(1) of the Act in relation to a regulated agreement, one notice may be given under the two sections reproducing the combined effect of Schedules 1 and 3 to these Regulations.
- (9) Sections 76(1), 87(1) and 98(1) of the Act shall not apply in the case of non-commercial agreements in relation to which no security has been provided.

## NOTES

### Amendment

Para (2): in sub-para (c) reference to ", 8A" in square brackets inserted by SI 2007/1167, reg 33(1), (2).

Date in force: 1 October 2008: see SI 2007/1167, reg 1(3).

Para (4A): inserted by SI 2004/3237, regs 2, 3.

Date in force: 31 December 2004: see SI 2004/3237, reg 1.

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices) Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)/SCHEDULE 1 Form of Notice to be Given in Non-default Cases Before a Creditor or Owner Can Become Entitled to Enforce a Term of a Regulated Agreement by Demanding Earlier Payment of any Sum, Recovering Possession of any Goods or Land or Treating any Right Conferred on the Debtor or Hirer by the Agreement as Terminated, Restricted or Deferred

## SCHEDULE 1

**FORM OF NOTICE TO BE GIVEN IN NON-DEFAULT CASES BEFORE A CREDITOR OR OWNER CAN BECOME ENTITLED TO ENFORCE A TERM OF A REGULATED AGREEMENT BY DEMANDING EARLIER PAYMENT OF ANY SUM, RECOVERING POSSESSION OF ANY GOODS OR LAND OR TREATING ANY RIGHT CONFERRED ON THE DEBTOR OR HIRER BY THE AGREEMENT AS TERMINATED, RESTRICTED OR DEFERRED**

**Regulation 2(2)**

***Details of agreement*****1**

A description of the agreement sufficient to identify it.

***Parties to agreement*****2**

- (1) The name and a postal address of the creditor or owner.
- (2) The name and a postal address of the debtor or hirer.

***Term of agreement to be enforced*****3**

The term of the agreement to be enforced, or a reference to and a short description of that term.

***Action intended to be taken by creditor or owner*****4**

A clear and unambiguous statement by the creditor or owner indicating--

- (a) which (one or more) of the following types of action he intends to take, in order to enforce the term of the agreement,--
  - (i) to demand earlier payment of any sum;
  - (ii) to recover possession of any goods or land;
  - (iii) to treat any right conferred on the debtor or hirer by the agreement as terminated, restricted or deferred;
- (b) the manner and circumstances in which he intends to take such action; and
- (c) the date, being a date not less than seven days after the giving of the notice, on or after which he intends to take such action.

***Demanding earlier payment of any sum*****5**

Where the creditor or owner states that he intends to demand earlier payment of any sum,

- (a) the amount of the sum before deducting the amount of any rebate on early settlement;
- (b) where any rebate on early settlement is allowable under the agreement or by virtue of section 95 of the Act--
  - (i) the amount of the rebate allowable calculated on the assumption that early settlement takes place on the date specified in the notice for earlier payment of the sum; and

(ii) the total amount to be paid by the debtor after taking into account the amount of any rebate on early settlement, namely the difference between the amount shown in paragraph (a) above and the amount shown in subparagraph (i).

*Time order*

6

A statement in the following form indicating that the debtor or hirer is entitled to apply under section 129 of the Act in England and Wales to the county court, in Scotland to the sheriff court or in Northern Ireland to the High Court or the county court for a time order--

"IF YOU HAVE DIFFICULTY IN PAYING ANY SUM OWNING UNDER THE AGREEMENT YOU CAN APPLY TO THE COURT WHICH MAY MAKE AN ORDER ALLOWING YOU OR ANY SURETY MORE TIME".

*General*

7

A statement in the following form--

"IF YOU ARE NOT SURE WHAT TO DO, YOU SHOULD GET HELP AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. FOR EXAMPLE YOU SHOULD CONTACT A SOLICITOR, YOUR LOCAL TRADING STANDARDS DEPARTMENT OR YOUR NEAREST CITIZENS' ADVICE BUREAU".

8

A statement in the following form--

"IMPORTANT--YOU SHOULD READ THIS CAREFULLY".

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices) Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)/SCHEDULE 2 Form of Default Notice before a Creditor or Owner Can Become Entitled, by Reason of Any Breach by the Debtor or Hirer of a Regulated Agreement, to Terminate the Agreement, Demand Earlier Payment of any Sum, Recover Possession of any Goods or Land, Treat any Right Conferred on the Debtor or Hirer by the Agreement as Terminated, Restricted or Deferred or Enforce any Security

**SCHEDULE 2**

**FORM OF DEFAULT NOTICE BEFORE A CREDITOR OR OWNER CAN BECOME ENTITLED, BY REASON OF ANY BREACH BY THE DEBTOR OR HIRER OF A REGULATED AGREEMENT, TO TERMINATE THE AGREEMENT, DEMAND EARLIER PAYMENT OF ANY SUM, RECOVER POSSESSION OF ANY GOODS OR LAND, TREAT ANY RIGHT CONFERRED ON THE DEBTOR OR HIRER BY THE AGREEMENT AS TERMINATED, RESTRICTED OR DEFERRED OR ENFORCE ANY SECURITY**

**Regulation 2(2)**

*Details of agreement*

1

A description of the agreement sufficient to identify it.

***Parties to agreement***

**2**

- (1) The name and a postal address of the creditor or owner.
- (2) The name and postal address of the debtor or hirer.

***Details of breach of agreement and action required to remedy, or pay compensation for, the breach***

**3**

A specification of:--

- (a) the provision of the agreement alleged to have been breached; and
- (b) the nature of the alleged breach of the agreement, specifying clearly the matters complained of; and either
- (c) if the breach is capable of remedy, what action is required to remedy it and the date, being a date [not less than fourteen days] after the date of service of the notice, before which that action is to be taken; or
- (d) if the breach is not capable of remedy, the sum (if any) required to be paid as compensation for the breach and the date, being a date [not less than fourteen days] after the date of service of the notice, before which it is to be paid.

***Action by the creditor or owner to be ineffective if breach remedied or compensation paid***

**4**

Where any action is specified under paragraph 3(c) or (d) as required to be taken, a statement that the provision for the taking of any action by the creditor or owner such as is mentioned in paragraph 6 will be ineffective if the breach is duly remedied or the compensation is duly paid in the following form--

"IF THE ACTION REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE IS TAKEN BEFORE THE DATE SHOWN NO FURTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION WILL BE TAKEN IN RESPECT OF THE BREACH".

Note:

This statement shall follow the specification under paragraph 3(c) or (d) of any action required to be taken.

***Consequences of failure to comply with default notice***

**5**

Where any action is specified under paragraph 3(c) or (d) as required to be taken, a statement indicating the consequences of the failure by the debtor or hirer to comply with the default notice in the following form--

"IF YOU DO NOT TAKE THE ACTION REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE BEFORE THE DATE SHOWN THEN THE FURTHER ACTION SET OUT BELOW MAY BE TAKEN AGAINST YOU [OR A SURETY]".

Notes:

1. This statement shall be followed by the specification under paragraph 6 of the further action intended to be taken by the creditor or owner.

2. Creditor or owner to omit words in square brackets if there is no specification under paragraph 6(e) of any action intended to be taken to enforce any security.

*Action intended to be taken by creditor or owner*

**6**

A clear and unambiguous statement by the creditor or owner indicating, if any action specified under paragraph 3(c) or (d) as required to be taken is not duly taken or if no such action is required to be taken, the action which he intends to take by reason of the breach by the debtor or hirer of the agreement--

- (a) to terminate the agreement;
- (b) to demand earlier payment of any sum;
- (c) to recover possession of any goods or land;
- (d) to treat any right conferred on the debtor or hirer by the agreement as terminated, restricted or deferred;
- (e) to enforce any security;
- (f) to enforce any provision of the agreement which becomes operative only on a breach of another provision of the agreement as specified in the notice,

at any time on or after the date specified under paragraph 3(c) or (d), or, if no action is specified under that paragraph as required to be taken, indicating the date, being a date [not less than fourteen days] after the date of service of the notice, on or after which he intends to take any action indicated in this paragraph.

*Retaking of protected hire-purchase etc, goods*

[In the case of a hire-purchase or conditional sale agreement relating to goods,

- (a) made on or after 19th May 1985, where the property in the goods remains in the creditor; or
- (b) made before 19th May 1985, where the debtor has not himself put an end to the agreement by virtue of any right vested in him and where the total amount payable under the agreement does not exceed £7,500,

a statement in the following form--]

"BUT IF YOU HAVE PAID AT LEAST ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE UNDER THE AGREEMENT SET OUT BELOW (OR ANY INSTALLATION CHARGE PLUS ONE-THIRD OF THE REST OF THE AMOUNT PAYABLE), THE CREDITOR MAY NOT TAKE BACK THE GOODS AGAINST YOUR WISHES UNLESS HE GETS A COURT ORDER, (IN SCOTLAND, HE MAY NEED TO GET A COURT ORDER AT ANY TIME.) IF HE DOES TAKE THEM WITHOUT YOUR CONSENT OR A COURT ORDER, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO GET BACK ALL THE MONEY YOU HAVE PAID UNDER THE AGREEMENT SET OUT BELOW".

Note:

This statement shall follow the specification under paragraph 6 of the further action intended to be taken by the creditor or owner and be followed by--

- (a) either

- (i) the total amount payable under the agreement, or
  - (ii) where there is an installation charge, separately, the amount of the installation charge and the rest of the total amount payable under the agreement; and
- (b) the total amount that the debtor has paid to the creditor by the giving of the notice.

***Requiring earlier payment of any sum***

**8**

Where a sum of money is required to be paid under the notice,

- (a) the amount of the sum before deducting the amount of any rebate on early settlement;
- (b) where any rebate on early settlement is allowable under the agreement or by virtue of section 95 of the Act--
  - (i) the amount of the rebate allowable calculated on the assumption that early settlement takes place on the date specified in the notice for earlier payment of the sum; and
  - (ii) the total amount to be paid after taking into account the amount of any rebate on early settlement, namely the difference between the amount shown in paragraph (a) above and the amount shown in sub-paragraph (i).

***[Ending the agreement***

**8A**

Where the agreement is a hire-purchase or conditional sale agreement, a statement in the following form--

"You [may] [NOTE 1] have the right to end this agreement at any time before the final payment falls due.

Note that this right may be lost if you do not act before the date shown (after which we may take action).

If the date for final payment has not passed and you wish to end this agreement, you should write to the person to whom you make your payments. [You will need to pay [NOTE 2] if you wish to end this agreement by the date shown and we will be entitled to the return of the goods. You will also be liable for costs if you have not taken reasonable care of the goods.] [NOTE 3].

Note that if you end this agreement, this will not necessarily terminate any insurance finance agreements that are linked to this agreement.

NOTE 1: creditor to omit the word "may" in the case of a hire purchase agreement. NOTE 2: creditor to insert the amount to be paid by the debtor calculated in accordance with the provisions of sections 99(2) and 100 of the Act and on the assumption that the debtor terminates the agreement on the date shown in this notice. NOTE 3: creditor to insert the passage in square brackets where the debtor's right to terminate under section 99 of the Act subs

ists.".]Time order9A statement in the following form indicating that the debtor or hirer is entitled to apply under section 129 of the Act in England and Wales to the county court, in Scotland to the sheriff co

***[Interest payable after a judgment***

**9A**

Where an agreement makes provision for the charging of post-judgment interest in connection with a judgment sum, a

statement in the following form--

"You should be aware that if we take you to court and get a judgment against you requiring you to pay us the money you owe us under the agreement, you may have to pay us both the amount of the judgment and interest under the agreement on all the sums owed by you at the date of the judgment until you have paid these in full. This means that even if you pay off the whole amount of the judgment, you may still have a further sum to pay."Jurt or in Northern Ireland to the High Court or the county court for a time order--

"IF YOU HAVE DIFFICULTY IN PAYING ANY SUM OWING UNDER THE AGREEMENT OR TAKING ANY OTHER ACTION REQUIRED BY THIS NOTICE, YOU CAN APPLY TO THE COURT WHICH MAY MAKE AN ORDER ALLOWING YOU OR ANY SURETY MORE TIME".

### *General*

#### **10**

A statement in the following form--

"IF YOU ARE NOT SURE WHAT TO DO, YOU SHOULD GET HELP AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. FOR EXAMPLE YOU SHOULD CONTACT A SOLICITOR, YOUR LOCAL TRADING STANDARDS DEPARTMENT OR YOUR NEAREST CITIZENS' ADVICE BUREAU".

#### **[10A**

A statement in the following form--

"This notice should include a copy of the current Office of Fair Trading information sheet on default. This contains important information about your rights and where to go for support and advice. If it is not included, you should contact us to get one."]

#### **11**

A statement in the following form--

"IMPORTANT--YOU SHOULD READ THIS CAREFULLY".

### **NOTES**

#### **Amendment**

Para 3: in sub-paras (c), (d) words "not less than fourteen days" in square brackets substituted by SI 2006/3094, regs 2, 3.

Date in force: 19 December 2006: see SI 2006/3094, reg 1.

Para 6: words "not less than fourteen days" in square brackets substituted by SI 2006/3094, regs 2, 3.

Date in force: 19 December 2006: see SI 2006/3094, reg 1.

Para 7: words from "In the case" to "the following form--" in square brackets substituted by SI 1984/1109, reg 2.

Para 8A: inserted by SI 2007/1167, reg 33(1), (3)(a).

Date in force: 1 October 2008: see SI 2007/1167, reg 1(3).



Para 9A: inserted by SI 2007/1167, reg 33(1), (3)(b).

Date in force: 1 October 2008: see SI 2007/1167, reg 1(3).

Para 10A: inserted by SI 2007/1167, reg 33(1), (3)(c).

Date in force: 1 October 2008: see SI 2007/1167, reg 1(3).

UK Parliament SIs 1980-1989/1983/1551-1600/Consumer Credit (Enforcement, Default and Termination Notices) Regulations 1983 (SI 1983/1561)/SCHEDULE 3 Form of Notice to be Given in Non-Default Cases Before a Creditor or Owner Can Become Entitled to Terminate a Regulated Agreement

### SCHEDULE 3

#### FORM OF NOTICE TO BE GIVEN IN NON-DEFAULT CASES BEFORE A CREDITOR OR OWNER CAN BECOME ENTITLED TO TERMINATE A REGULATED AGREEMENT

#### Regulation 2(3)

##### *Details of agreement*

**1**

A description of the agreement sufficient to identify it.

##### *Parties to agreement*

**2**

- (1) The name and a postal address of the creditor or owner.
- (2) The name and a postal address of the debtor or hirer.

##### *Term of the agreement providing for termination*

**3**

The term of the agreement providing for termination of the agreement by the creditor or owner, or a reference to and a short description of that term.

##### *Action to terminate the agreement*

**4**

A clear and unambiguous statement by the creditor or owner--

- (a) indicating that by the giving of the notice he is terminating the agreement and indicating any steps that he intends to take to effect the termination or, as the case may be, indicating the manner and circumstances in which he intends to take action to terminate the agreement; and
- (b) indicating the date, being a date not less than seven days after the giving of the notice, of the termination or, as

the case may be, the date on or after which he intends to take action to terminate the agreement.

***Rights and liabilities arising by reason of the termination of the agreement***

**5**

Any right or liability that will arise by reason of the termination of the agreement and the date by which the right or liability will arise, including--

- (a) the amount of any sum payable by the debtor or hirer before deducting the amount of any rebate on early settlement;
- (b) where any rebate on early settlement is allowable under the agreement or by virtue of section 95 of the Act--
  - (i) the amount of the rebate allowable calculated on the assumption that early settlement takes place on the date specified in the notice for earlier payment of the sum; and
  - (ii) the total amount to be paid by the debtor after taking into account the amount of any rebate on early settlement, namely the difference between the amount shown in paragraph (a) above and the amount shown in subparagraph (i).

***Time order***

**6**

A statement in the following form indicating that the debtor or hirer is entitled to apply under section 129 of the Act in England and Wales to the county court, in Scotland to the sheriff court or in Northern Ireland to the High Court or the county court for a time order--

"IF YOU HAVE DIFFICULTY IN PAYING ANY SUM OWING UNDER THE AGREEMENT, YOU CAN APPLY TO THE COURT WHICH MAY MAKE AN ORDER ALLOWING YOU OR ANY SURETY MORE TIME".

***General***

**7**

A statement in the following form--

"IF YOU ARE NOT SURE WHAT TO DO, YOU SHOULD GET HELP AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. FOR EXAMPLE YOU SHOULD CONTACT A SOLICITOR, YOUR LOCAL TRADING STANDARDS DEPARTMENT OR YOUR NEAREST CITIZENS' ADVICE BUREAU".

**8**

A statement in the following form--

"IMPORTANT-YOU SHOULD READ THIS CAREFULLY".